

8.3

Notetaking with Vocabulary

I can graph quadratics using characteristics.

works for ALL quadratics

I can find the maximum or minimum value of a quadratic function.

Write the meaning of each vocabulary term.

maximum value - y-coordinate of vertex if parabola opens ↓



minimum value



"y-coordinate"

"

"

"

opens ↑

X coordinate is when

Core Concepts

Graphing $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$

Id a, b and c

- ① The graph opens up when $a > 0$, and the graph opens down when $a < 0$.

- ④ The y-intercept is $(0, c)$

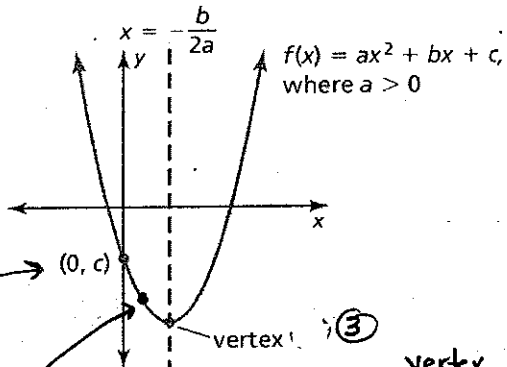
- ③ The x-coordinate of the vertex is

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

- ② The axis of symmetry is

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Notes:



plug in to find y
 $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

vertex $(\frac{-b}{2a}, f(\frac{-b}{2a}))$

- ⑤ plot one more point on the same of the axis of symmetry

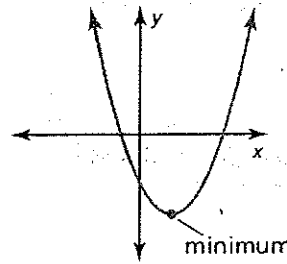
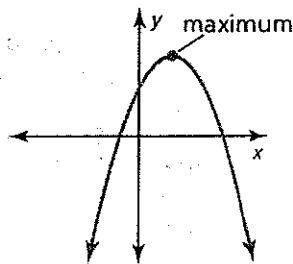
8.3 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

Maximum and Minimum Values

The y-coordinate of the vertex of the graph of $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ is the maximum value of the function when $a < 0$ or the minimum value of the function when $a > 0$.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c, a < 0$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c, a > 0$$



Notes:

Practice

$$\text{AoS } x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

In Exercises 1-4, find (a) the axis of symmetry and (b) the vertex of the graph of the function.

1. $f(x) = x^2 - 10x + 2$

$a = 1$ $b = -10$ $c = 2$

AoS $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{10}{2(1)} = \frac{10}{2} = 5$

$f(5) = 5^2 - 10(5) + 2$

$f(5) = 25 - 50 + 2 = -25 + 2 = -23$

2. ~~$y = 4x^2 + 16x$~~

AoS
 $x = 5$

$(5, -23)$
Vertex

3. $y = -2x^2 - 8x + 5$

4. $f(x) = -3x^2 + 6x + 1$

$a = -3$ $b = 6$ $c = 1$

$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2(-3)} = \frac{-6}{-6} = 1$

AoS
 $x = 1$

$f(1) = -3(1)^2 + 6(1) + 1$

$f(1) = -3 + 6 + 1 = 4$

$(1, 4)$
Vertex

① $\uparrow a=3 \quad b=6 \quad c=2$

② AoS $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2(3)} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$ AoS
 $X=-1$

③ $f(-1) = 3(-1)^2 + 6(-1) + 2 = 3 - 6 + 2 = -1$ Vertex
 $(-1, -1)$

$a = -\frac{1}{5} \quad b = -1 \quad c = 5 \quad \frac{2(-\frac{1}{5})}{1}$

① \downarrow ② AoS $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-1)}{2(-\frac{1}{5})} = \frac{1}{-\frac{2}{5}} = -\frac{5}{2}$

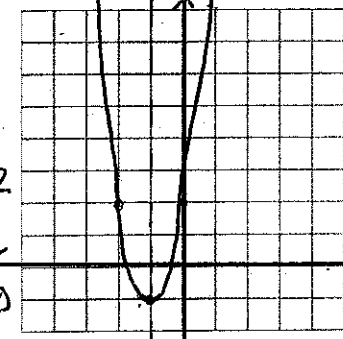
$x = -2.5$

AoS

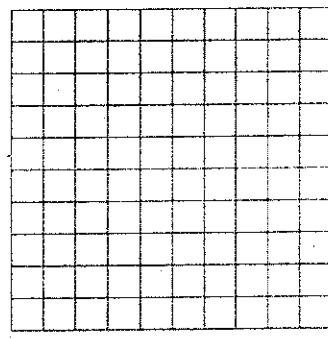
In Exercises 5-7, graph the function. Describe the domain and range.

④ y-int. 5. $f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x + 2$

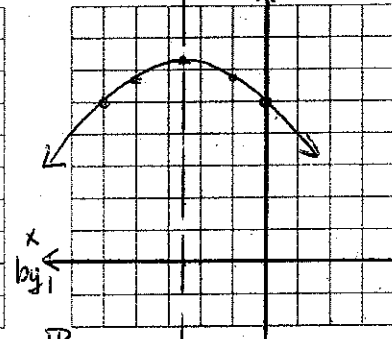
(0, c)
(0, 2)
⑤ $x=1$
 $y = 3(1)^2 + 6(1) + 2$
 $= 3 + 6 + 2$
 $= 11$



6. $y = 2x^2 - 8x - 1$



7. $y = -\frac{1}{5}x^2 - x + 5$



③ Vertex
 $y = -\frac{1}{5}(-2.5)^2 - (-2.5) + 5$
 $y = 6.25$
 $(-2.5, 6.25)$
Vertex

$D: \mathbb{R}$
 $R: \{y \geq -1\}$

$D: \mathbb{R}$
 $R: \{y \leq 6.25\}$
 $x = -2.5$ y-axis by 1

In Exercises 8-13, tell whether the function has a minimum value or a maximum value. Then find the value.

8. $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 5x + 2$

$a=8 \quad b=16 \quad c=-2$

$\uparrow b/c \quad a > 0$
⑨. $y = 8x^2 + 16x - 2$
Minimum = -10
 $x = \frac{-16}{2(8)} = \frac{-16}{16} = -1$
 $y = 8(-1)^2 + 16(-1) - 2$
 $y = 8 - 16 - 2 = -10$

⑤ $(-1, 5.8)$
 $y = -\frac{1}{5}(-1)^2 - (-1) + 5$
 $y = (-.2)(1) + 1 + 5$
 $y = -.2 + 6 = 5.8$

11. $y = -7x^2 + 7x + 5$

12. $y = 9x^2 + 6x + 4$

13. $y = -\frac{1}{4}x^2 + x - 6$



vertical motion model

$h(t) = at^2 + bt + c$
 $= at^2 + bt + s_0$ ← starting height.

14. The function $h = -16t^2 + 250t$ represents the height h (in feet) of a rocket t seconds after it is launched. The rocket explodes at its highest point.

a. When does the rocket explode? x - when

$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-250}{2(-16)} = \frac{-250}{-32} = 7.8125$

$a = -16 \quad b = 250 \quad c = 0$

The rocket explodes at about 7.8 seconds.

b. At what height does the rocket explode? y - maximum

$h = -16(7.8125)^2 + 250(7.8125)$

$h = 976.5625$

The rocket explodes at approximately 976.6 feet.