

7.6 Notetaking with Vocabulary

I can factor $ax^2 + bx + c$.

In your own words, write the meaning of each vocabulary term.

polynomial - a monomial or a bunch of monomials added together

greatest common factor (GCF) - the largest monomial that divides evenly into all terms in a polynomial

Zero-Product Property - if $a \cdot b = 0$ then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$

Notes: Steps to Factoring $ax^2 + bx + c$

	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Solve</u>
answer ()	()	=

1. Put the poly in standard form.
2. Find the GCF if there is one + factor it out.
Is the leading term negative? Pull out negative.
3. Is poly in $ax^2 + bx + c$ form?
 - deg. 2
 - $ax^2 + bx$ ← $c = 0$
 - $ax^2 + c$ ← $b = 0$
 - use a-c method.
 - if $a = 1$ # from ac method go in parentheses
 - if $a \neq 1$ use the box

7.6 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

Practice

In Exercises 1-7, **factor** the polynomial.

1. $\frac{2c^2}{2} - \frac{14c}{2} - \frac{36}{2}$

$$2(c^2 - 7c - 18)$$

$$2(c-9)(c+2)$$

$$a=1 \quad b=-7 \quad c=-18$$

$$\frac{-9 \cdot 2}{-9 + 2} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b} = -18$$

2. $4a^2 + 8a - 140$

3. $3q^2 + 30q + 27$

	$3k$	-4
$2k$	$6k$	$-8k$
-1	$-3k$	$4k$

$$(2k-1)(3k-4)$$

4. $6k^2 - 11k + 4$

$$a=6 \quad b=-11 \quad c=4$$

$$\frac{-8 \cdot -3}{-8 + -3} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b} = 24$$

5. $12g^2 - 37g + 28$

$$(4g-7)(3g-4)$$

	$4g$	-7
$3g$	$12g^2$	$-21g$
-4	$-16g$	28

$$a=12 \quad b=-37 \quad c=28$$

$$\frac{-16 \cdot -21}{-16 + -21} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b} = 336$$

336
$-1, -336$
$-2, -168$
$-3, -112$
$-4, -84$
$-6, -56$
$-7, -48$
$-8, -42$
$-12, -28$
$-14, -24$
$-16, -21$

6. $\frac{-12b^2}{-1} + \frac{5b}{-1} + \frac{2}{-1}$

$$a=12 \quad b=-5 \quad c=-2$$

$$\frac{-8 \cdot 3}{-8 + 3} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b} = -24$$

	$3b$	-2
$4b$	$12b^2$	$-8b$
1	$3b$	-2

$$-1(4b+1)(3b-2)$$

7. $-8x^2 + 14x - 5$

7.6 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

8. The length of a rectangular shaped park is $(3x + 5)$ miles. The width is $(2x + 8)$ miles. The area of the park is 360 square miles. What are the dimensions of the park?

$A = 360$
 $2.5 + 8 = 18$
 $3x + 5$
 $2x + 8$
 $3.5 + 5 = 20$
 $A = bh = lw$
 $360 = (3x + 5)(2x + 8)$
 $360 = 6x^2 + 24x + 10x + 40$
 $360 = 6x^2 + 34x + 40$
 -360
 $0 = 6x^2 + 34x - 320$
 $0 = 2(3x^2 + 17x - 160)$
 $0 = 2(x - 5)(3x + 32)$

The dimensions of the park are 18 miles by 20 miles.

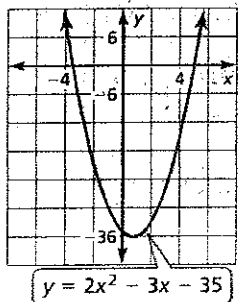
$x - 5 = 0$
 $x = 5$
 $3x + 32 = 0$
 $3x = -32$
 $x = -\frac{32}{3}$

Aside work
 $a = 3$ $b = 17$ $c = -160$
 $-15 \cdot 32 = -480$
 $-15 + 32 = 17$

	x	-5	
$3x$	$3x^2$	$-15x$	$-1,480$
32	$32x$	-160	$-10,48$
			$-20,24$
			$-15,32$

9. The sum of two numbers is 8. The sum of the squares of the two numbers is 34. What are the two numbers?

10. Find the x-coordinates of the points where the graph crosses the x-axis.



Find the x-int... let $y = 0$
 $0 = 2x^2 - 3x - 35$
 $0 = (2x + 7)(x - 5)$
 $2x + 7 = 0$ $x - 5 = 0$
 $2x = -7$ $x = 5$
 $x = -\frac{7}{2}$
 $x = 3\frac{1}{2}$

$a = 2$ $b = -3$ $c = -35$
 $-10 \cdot 7 = -70$
 $-10 + 7 = -3$

	x	-5
$2x$	$2x^2$	$-10x$
7	$7x$	-35

The x-coordinates of the points where the graph crosses the x-axis are $x = 3.5$ and $x = 5$.